

# The Business Benchmark on Farm Animal Welfare Launch of 2020 Benchmark,

30 March 2021

Dr Rory Sullivan, Nicky Amos and Dr Nathan Williams



## **Opening remarks**



**01**. Welcome and Introductions

**02**. Programme Overview: Nicky Amos

03. 2020 Key Findings: Nicky Amos

04. Q&A

05. 2021 Forward Look: Dr Nathan Williams

06. Closing Remarks: Steve McIvor

07. Closing remarks: Philip Lymbery



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# BBFAW Programme Overview



## About the BBFAW

**BBFAW** is recognised by investors and companies as the definitive global benchmark on farm animal welfare management, performance and disclosure



It enables stakeholders to understand corporate practice and drive improvements in the welfare of animals reared for food



Supported by Compassion in World Farming and World Animal Protection The Business Benchmark on Farm Animal Welfare Report 2020

Nicky Amos, Dr Rory Sullivan & Dr Nathan Rhys Williams MRCVS





## The Programme

#### Annual Benchmark



150 Companies

#### Global Investor Statement



Investor signatories (£2.1 trn in AUM)

#### Global Investor Collaboration



**30** Investors (£1.9 trn in AUM)

#### **Investor and Company Engagement**





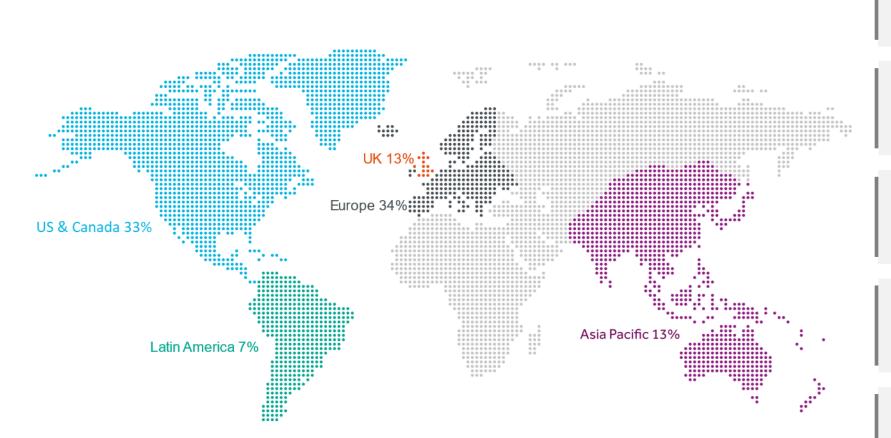




# Benchmark



#### 2020 Coverage





₽24 Countries

Food retailers and wholesalers

63
Food producers

Restaurants and bars



# Methodology

# Annual assessment based on published information



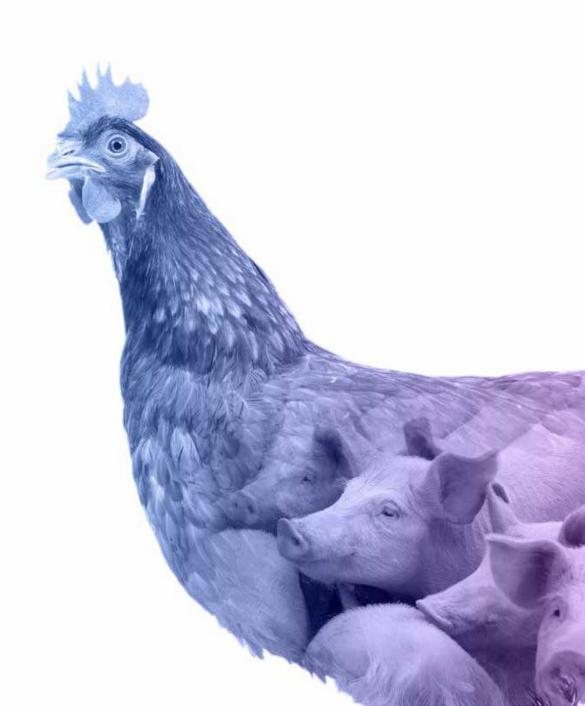
Management Commitment and Policy	
Question 1. Does the company acknowledge farm animal welfare as a business issue?	
Acknowledging farm animal welfare as a business issue is an important first step towards implementing a co approach to farm animal welfare management. It is good practice for food companies to identify whether a animal welfare is a relevant issue for the business.	
No evidence that farm animal welfare is regarded as a relevant business issue.	0
The company identifies farm animal welfare as a relevant business issue.	10
	(Max Score 10)
Question 2. Does the company publish an overarching corporate farm animal welfare policy (or equiva	ilent)?
t is good practice for companies to formalise their approach to animal welfare in a policy (or equivalent docum statement of guiding principies, a code of practice or a sourcing charter). While the existence of a policy may n	ot provide a
guarantee of implementation, the absence of a policy is a clear sign that farm animal welfare is not firmly on th	
No evidence of a formal policy statement (or equivalent) on farm animal welfare.	0
The company has a broad commitment to farm animal welfare in a policy statement (or equivalent) but no description of how the policy is to be implemented.	5
The company has a broad commitment to farm animal welfare within a policy statement (or equivalent) and a description of the processes in place to ensure that the policy is effectively implemented.	10
	(Max Score 10)
Question 3. Does the policy statement provide a clear explanation of scope?	
Understanding the scope of a policy is important to understand the breadth of a company's commitment to a animal weifare.	ction on farm
3a. Geographic scope	
Geographic scope is not specified.	0
Scope is limited to certain specified geographies.	2
Scope is universal across all geographies.	5
3b. Species scope	
Species scope is not specified.	0
Scope is limited to certain specified species.	2
Scope is universal across all relevant species.	5
3c. Product scope	
Product scope is not specified.	0
Scope is limited to own-brand products or ingredients (i.e. the policy does not apply to imported or other brand products).	2
Scope is universal across own brand, imported and other brand products.	5
	(Max Score 15)



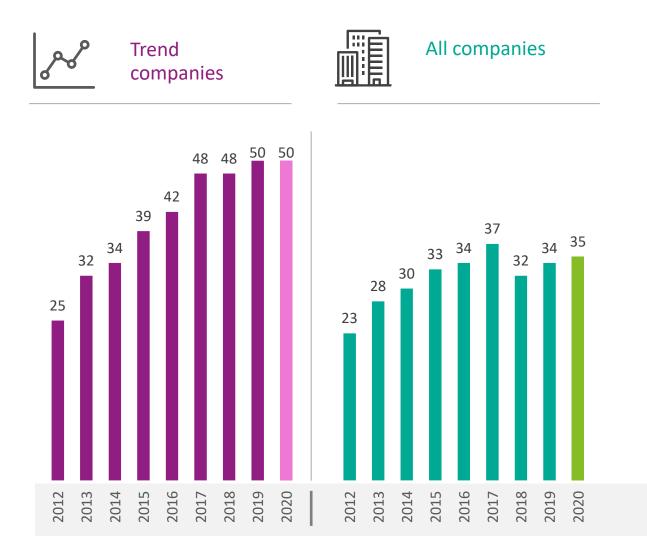
## Changes to 2020 Methodology

Introduced scoring for 4 questions (introduced in 2019)	Adjusted Weighting	Introduction of Impact Rating	
		-``	
Policy & Management Section and Performance Reporting & Impact Section	Performance Reporting & Impact Section	Performance Reporting & Impact Section	
<ul> <li>Species-specific environmental enrichment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Overall weighting unchanged</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Confidential</li> <li>Company scores</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Weighting of performance impact questions now account</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Amalgamated scores in BBFAW report</li> </ul>	
⊗ % broiler chickens from slower growing breeds	for 60% of overall scores in this section		
<ul> <li>% animals subjected to repeat stunning</li> </ul>			BBFAW

# Key Findings



# Overall Average Scores by Year (%)

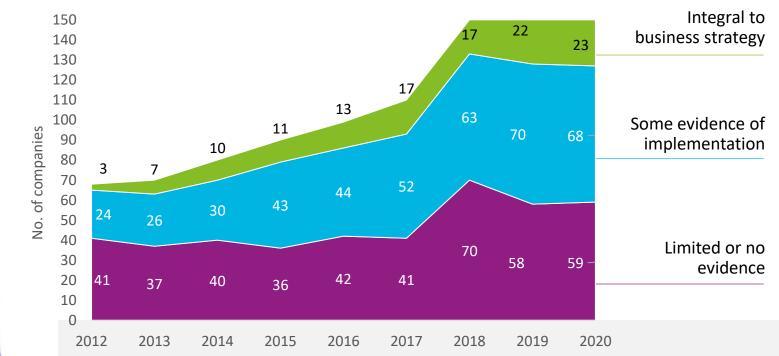


The average effect of changes in methodology on overall average score was -1.2%



## Headline Finding 1

Companies continue to make progress in the Benchmark, showing farm animal welfare remains a business priority.







## Companies improving by at least 1 Tier (2019-2020)

Retailers and wholesalers	Producers and Manufacturers	Restaurants and Bars
<ul> <li>Ahold Delhaize</li> <li>Auchan Holding</li> <li>BJ's Wholesale</li> <li>Carrefour SA</li> <li>IKEA (Inter IKEA Group)</li> <li>Jeronimo Martins</li> <li>Lidl Stiftung &amp; Co KG</li> <li>Schwarz Unternehmans Treuhand KG/Kaufland</li> <li>Woolworths Group</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Barilla</li> <li>Bimbo</li> <li>Charoen Pokphand Foods</li> <li>Cooke Seafood Limited</li> <li>Cooperativa Centrale Aurora Alimentos</li> <li>Fonterra</li> <li>KraftHeinz</li> <li>Marfrig Global (2-tier rise)</li> <li>Mars Inc</li> <li>Meiji Holdings</li> <li>Minerva Foods (2-tier rise)</li> <li>Unilever NV</li> <li>US Foods</li> </ul>	• Papa John's Pizza

# Companies falling by 1 Tier (2019-2020)

Retailers and wholesalers	Producers and Manufacturers	Restaurants and Bars	
<ul> <li>Aldi Süd</li> <li>Coop Group Switzerland</li> <li>ICA Gruppen AB</li> <li>Metro AG</li> <li>Migros (2-tier fall)</li> <li>Publix Super Markets Inc</li> <li>UNFI</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>General Mills Inc</li> <li>Perdue Farms</li> <li>Terrena Group</li> </ul>	<list-item><list-item><list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item>	

# Headline Finding 2

# Progress continues but welfare "impact" remains under-reported





#### 91 companies

Nearly two-thirds of companies globally are actively managing the business risks associated with farm animal welfare (=T1-4)



#### 118 companies

79% have now set farm animal welfarerelated objectives and targets (vs 75% in 2019)

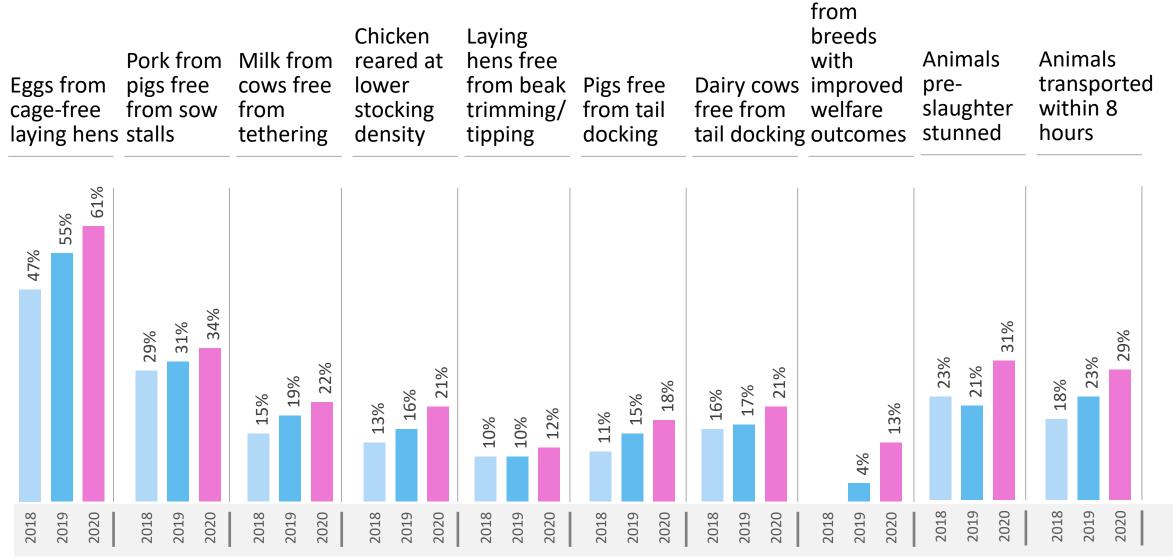


#### 83 companies

61% of companies for which laying hens are a relevant species report on the proportion of hens free from cages.



### Welfare impact reporting



Chicken

Note: The question on broiler chickens from strains of birds with improved welfare outcomes and slower growth potential was introduced in 2019. The graph shows the proportion of companies scoring points on questions 28-37.



## Impact Reporting (2020 baseline findings)

#### Table 1.5 2020 Impact Ratings\*

Impact Rating		Number of companies
A >80%	These companies are declaring improved welfare impacts for a	0
B 62-80%	reasonable proportion of farm animals in their operations and/or supply chains.	4
C 44-61%	These companies are declaring improved welfare impacts for at	3
D 27-43%	least some farm animals in their operations and/or supply chains.	10
E 11-26%	These companies have yet to demonstrate that they are delivering improved welfare impacts for farm animals in their operations and/or supply chains.	12
F <11%		121

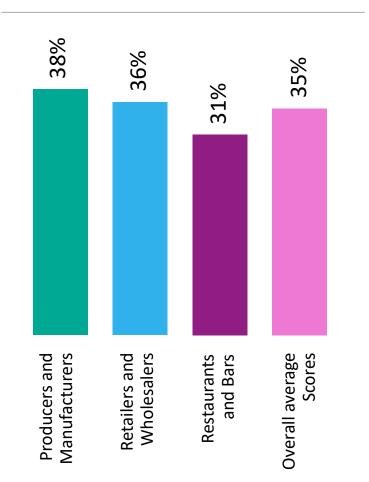
\*Impact ratings are based on companies' scores for the 10 performance impact questions, namely Q28 to Q37.



# Headline Finding 4

Producers and manufacturers are outpacing retailers and restaurants and bars on farm animal welfare management and reporting

#### Sub-sector average scores



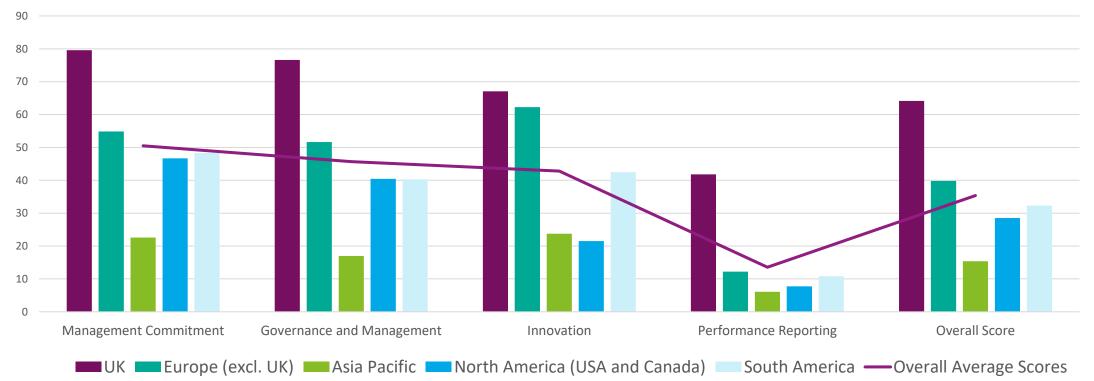


In 2020, food producers and manufacturers increased their overall average score to 38% (from 35% in 2019). This compares to retailers and wholesalers at 36% and restaurants and bars at 31%.



# Geographic focus

Momentum is building for food producers in Latin America and Asia Pacific: regions that include some of the biggest names in global meat production



Geographic Comparison (overall scores)



### Key conclusions







Despite significant disruptions caused by COVID-19 across the food sector, companies have sustained their focus on farm animal welfare.

Companies need to show they are delivering positive welfare impacts for animals. 79% of companies have published animal welfare-related objectives and targets, but these commitments need to start delivering welfare impacts.



There is still more work to be done for animal welfare to become institutionalised: 31 global food companies have yet to publish a farm animal welfare policy; companies continue to overlook farmed finfish in their welfare commitments; and 10 companies continuously assessed since 2012 remain in Tiers 5 & 6.



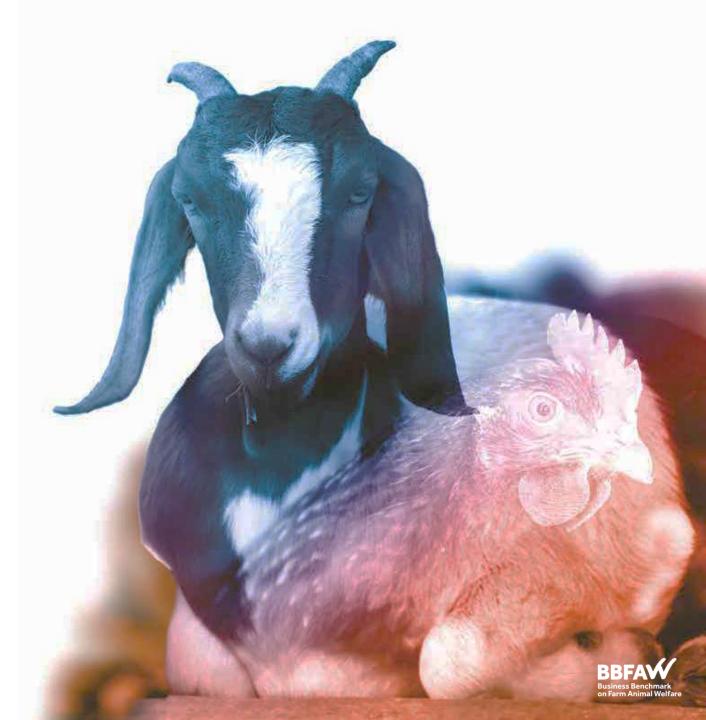
Farm animal welfare remains a central business issue for companies and for their investors. Investors continue to play an important role in driving standards and, increasingly, performance in food companies.





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Looking Forward: **2021 BBFAW** cycle



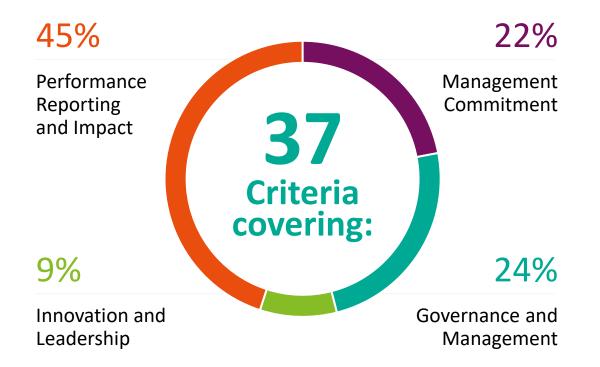
## Proposed changes to 2021 Benchmark

#### Subject to feedback on public consultation



Increase weighting of Performance Reporting and Impact section to 45% (from 35%)







## Proposed changes to 2021 Benchmark

#### Subject to feedback on public consultation



#### Publish individual company Impact Rating scores in the 2021 report (published Mar 2022)



#### Table 1.5 2020 Impact Ratings\*

Impact Rating	Number of companies
A >80%	0
B 62-80%	4
C 44-61%	3
D 27-43%	10
E 11-26%	12
F <11%	121

\*Impact ratings are based on companies' scores for the 10 performance impact questions, namely Q28 to Q37.



## Proposed changes to 2021 Benchmark

#### Subject to feedback on public consultation



#### Modify criteria for Questions 14 and 27 to focus on explanations of progress against targets



#### Governance and Management

Question 14. Does the company report on its performance against its animal weifare objectives and targets?

Objectives and targets are the point where policy commitments are translated into substantive action, and where resources and responsibilities are allocated for the delivery of these objectives and targets.

Companies should explain how they have performed against their objectives and targets

The company has published objectives and targets but with no information on how these are to be achieved.

#### Explanatory Notes:

- This question was only assessed if the company had been awarded 5 or 10 points for Question 13, i.e. the company had
  published objectives and targets. Otherwise, a score of zero was awarded.
- Companies were awarded points if they provided evidence of having effective systems in place for monitoring of
  performance against the objectives and targets.

#### Performance Reporting and Impact

Question 27. Does the company provide an explanation of progress and trends in performance (either in terms of input measures or weifare outcome measures)?

Companies should provide an explanation of progress and trends in performance and clearly define the scope of reporting (i.e. by geography, by species, by production system, by welfare outcome). For retailers and wholesalers, this question applies to all own-brand products.

The company does not report on progress on animal welfare performance (either in terms of input measures or welfare outcome measures).

The company reports on progress on at least one animal welfare performance measure (either an input measure or a welfare outcome measure), but this is limited to certain geographies, species, or products, and there is no explanation of trends in performance.

The company reports on progress on at least one animal weifare performance measure (either an input measure or a weifare outcome measure), but this is limited to certain geographies, species, or products, although it does provide an explanation of progress and trends in performance.

The company reports on at least one performance measure (either an input measure or a weifare outcome measure) for each relevant species across all geographies and products, but there is no explanation of progress or trend in performance.

The company reports on at least one performance measure (either an input measure or a weifare outcome measure) for each relevant species across all geographies and products, and it provides an explanation or progress or trend in performance.

(Max Score 10)

0

5

0

4

6

8

10

(Max Score 5)



#### **BBFAW 2021 Timeline**







# Closing speech

Steve McIvor, CEO, World Animal Protection



# **Closing remarks**

Philip Lymbery Global CEO Compassion in World Farming



# Thank you for participating!

For more information visit <u>www.bbfaw.com</u>

Or email secretariat@bbfaw.com

